Counterpoint

SPECIAL EDITION COVID-19

CUPE members at the front lines of the pandemic tell their stories

INDIGENOUS COMMUNITIES AT RISK

Repercussions on the economy and on bargaining

ELLIE SCHMIDT Dietician, CUPE 15



"We do what we have to in order to protect ourselves, but we're convinced that information is essential during these times of crisis." Bryan Chauveau, writer, editor and CUPE 687 member, p. 5

Critical needs for Indigenous communities

Across Canada, communities are fighting the COVID-19 pandemic on many fronts. This new situation has exposed deep inequities in our society, including for Indigenous peoples. Chronic underfunding of services and infrastructure in Indigenous communities threatens to turn the COVID-19 crisis into a disaster.

Across Canada, provinces have declared states of emergency and are preparing for the worst. The federal government has announced over \$107 billion in aid to support individual Canadians and boost the economy. Within that amount, only \$305 million has been earmarked to support Indigenous communities. While some Indigenous leaders welcomed the announcement, others were concerned the amount is just a fraction of what is needed.

On March 24, Perry Bellegarde, National Chief of the Assembly of First Nations, declared a state

of emergency over COVID-19. The declaration recognizes that federal, provincial, and territorial governments have not adequately addressed the needs of Indigenous communities and calls for more resources and support.

If nothing changes, COVID-19 is a disaster waiting to happen. Indigenous communities across Canada fear the worst across all measures of health. That is compounded by a history of Indigenous communities struggling with housing shortages, lack of access to adequate health care, and boil water advisories.

The Public Health **Agency of Canada** says the best ways to prevent the spread of COVID-19 are physical distancing and hand washing. This is almost impossible for Indigenous peoples who are living in communities with overcrowded housing and no clean water.

Previous pandemics have hit Indigenous communities the hardest in Canada. In 2009, H1N1 rapidly spread across the globe and did not spare Indigenous communities in Canada. Indigenous leaders called on governments for support, only to be met with bureaucratic delays.

During the H1N1 pandemic, Indigenous peoples in Canada were more likely to be infected, require hospitalization, and suffer from critical illness compared to non-Indigenous Canadians. Several First Nations in northern Manitoba requested medical equipment and support from Health Canada and were sent body bags. Health Canada apologized, but the message Indigenous communities got was that they could not depend on Canada to support them in a crisis.

The federal government is now telling Indigenous communities to update their emergency pandemic plans and prepare for cases of COVID-19. Marc Miller, minister of Indigenous Services, has said "this is not a question of if—it's a question of when" the virus will make its way to Indigenous communities.



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CANADIAN UNION OF PUBLIC EMPLOYEES NATIONAL EXECUTIVE

and work towards lessening

have on our most vulnerable

to ensure that history does

not repeat itself.

Dana Wesley

the impact COVID-19 will

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Helping the most vulnerable



For most Canadians, the COVID-19 pandemic is an extraordinary crisis, in which the call for social distancing has posed unsettling challenges to daily routines. But for vulnerable residents of Vancouver's Downtown Eastside (DTES), where crisis is an every-day reality, self-isolation is potentially deadly if there's no place to go and no food to eat.

It's a problem community health workers, like CUPE 15 member Ellie Schmidt, have to tackle.

Schmidt, a 20-year veteran of frontline health care delivery in the DTES, is a registered dietician with Vancouver Coastal Health. Assigned to three primary care clinics in the area, she works with the most marginalized population in Canada as part of a team that also includes doctors, nurses and nurse practitioners, community outreach support workers, social workers, pharmacists, respiratory therapists, mental health specialists

"We work with clients wherever they are and in whatever way they can accept our services," says Schmidt, noting that she not only works in the clinic, but also visits clients at their single-room-occupancy hotels, on the streets or in the parks.

and addiction counsellors.

"The clients I see in the Downtown Eastside often have complex medical needs. They're living with multiple chronic health problems such as HIV, Hep C, cardiovascular disease, COPD, or diabetes, to name a few."

"Add to that substance use and mental health diagnosis, homelessness or deplorable living conditions and poverty, and it's clear that providing nutritional health education in these circumstances is certainly not learned from a textbook", added Schmidt.

With the outbreak of COVID-19, Schmidt and her health care colleagues have had to keep the contact with their clients to a minimum.

"As health care workers, we're trying to protect the community of the Downtown Eastside from us. We're the ones who are more likely to be bringing it into the neighbourhood."

The first challenge Schmidt has had to address is food access. With the Provincial Health Officer closing all cafés and restaurants, the low-cost meals that her clients normally rely on are no longer available. Nor are the programs that normally offer free meals for hundreds of people at a time.

"On March 16, [the pandemic] hit us front and centre, and we started changing the way we work. For me personally, I spent that week basically working with all the clinics to develop emergency food bags."

where they can get a meal,

safely consume drugs, and

where they can find handwashing stations," she says.

The biggest challenge,

however, remains the social

distancing imperative.

"When we're doing

clinical assessments and a client has significant

COVID-19 symptoms, whether the directive is to

test them or not, we need

to try to get our clients to

self-isolate. Right now, our

biggest challenge is trying

to figure out how to isolate

people who don't have

homes. But we've always

where they can go and

Connecting with community partners, Schmidt and her health care team were able to set up an online source of information on where and when clients can get take-out meals. The result was a map to food in the DTES, which the health care team prints out and distributes throughout the

had to work outcommunity. side the box, so "With an that is nothing awful lot of new for us," says help from Schmidt. an awful lot Daniel of people, Gawthrop there's now a system in place for community members to find out

NATIONAL PRESIDENT MARK HANCOCK

Thank you

ne COVID-19 pandemic is one of the most chaotic times any of us have experienced. This crisis has put many of our jobs on the line. It has created untold amounts of stress inside and outside of the workplace. And it's created a lot of uncertainty about what the coming weeks and months hold, and what our world will look like on the other side of this great challenge.

If there is one thing I do know, it's that we will face this challenge together.

CUPE has always been there for our members, and that has not changed. Throughout this period, you can trust that CUPE is still here, fighting for you.

We joined with our allies to lobby the federal government for immediate measures to support workers during this pandemic – whether they belong to our union or not. And we will continue, always, to advocate for workers' rights.

We are working night and day to make sure employers treat workers with respect.

And from coast to coast to coast, we are putting pressure on employers and governments at all levels to protect you jobs, and the important work that you do.

It has been a difficult few weeks, and the weeks and months ahead will continue to push us all to our limits. But I know CUPE members across Canada will continue to show strength in the face of adversity, like we always do.

I know we will continue to prove the importance of strong, well-funded public services.

And I know we will continue to show the country the unmatched commitment and dedication of our members to their communities, even in the most difficult and uncertain

times. Our members are the heroes fighting on the front lines of this crisis.

I want to thank each and every one of our 700,000 members for soldiering through this crisis with strength and determination. You have done our union and our whole country proud.

MARK HANCOCK ONLINE ** twitter.com/MarkHancockCUPE





ON THE FRONTLINES OF A PANDEMIC: CUPE MEMBERS SHARE THEIR STORIES

From flight attendant to medical officer

n normal times, flight attendants and other airline workers are a familiar and welcome sight, helping travellers get to their destinations safely and comfortably.

These times are anything but normal.

Airline workers found themselves on the very front lines of the COVID-19 pandemic, virtually from the beginning, transforming overnight from 'customer service ambassadors' to guardians and life savers, as the Coronavirus began ravaging one country after another. "As far as we're concerned, we're on the front lines of this and have been from the very beginning," said Christina (not her real name), a flight attendant for Air Canada's main line.

Christina is a veteran flight attendant. She was working during the 9/11 terrorist attacks, and during H1N1, the most recent flu outbreak.

"This is all deja-vu for me," she said.

In the early days of the Coronavirus outbreak, Christina found herself flying several times in and out of an early North American hot spot. Almost overnight, she and her colleagues found themselves dangerously exposed, without clear guidelines from governments and their employer, and with little personal protective equipment.

It is in this environment that Christina and all of her Air Canada Component colleagues found themselves on the front lines of defence against a highly contagious viral outbreak.

On one of the last flights in this particular cycle, a passenger in transit from hard-hit Italy boarded the flight and complained of feeling unwell, demonstrating symptoms of COVID-19.

"He clears customs with no checks and balances, then gets to the aircraft complaining of feeling ill and we're the first line of defence. You have to switch to a different mode and put on your safety hat," said Christina. After consulting with the flight captain, Christina and her fellow flight attendants made the decision to keep the passenger off the flight.

"The paramedics came, fully suited up in gloves, gowns and masks. It was a very scary and disruptive situation just before a flight, and I thought to myself we're going to be seeing this more and more," she said.

From this moment, it was clear to Christina that she and her colleagues were going to wear many different hats to ensure both personal and passenger safety.

In the ensuing weeks, Christina and her colleagues were caught up in a whirlwind of activities, as travellers raced to get themselves home before nations closed their borders. Now, they face more uncertainty as COVID-19 plunges the global economy into a recession. "This is going to be far more impactful than 9/11 for our industry," said Christina.

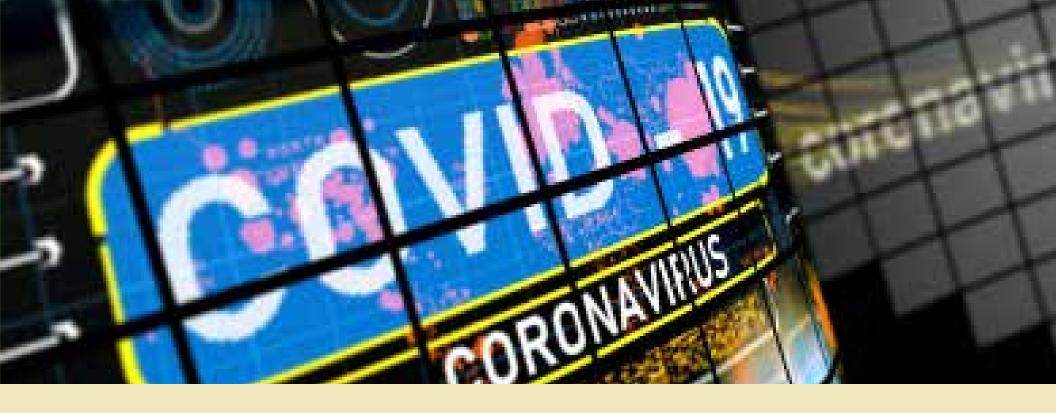
Commercial air travel has ground to a virtual standstill. There is no immunity from layoffs.

"Despite all the uncertainty, fear and upheaval, airline workers like Christina have consistently demonstrated their skills and professionalism", said Theresa Mitchell, vice-president of the Air Canada Component of CUPE.

"We are so proud of them, and so committed to doing everything we can to help and support flight attendants ... on a very basic level, we understand how difficult this is," said Mitchell.

"As an executive, we have never felt more unified with our members. They need our support and we are doing everything in our power to help them," she added.

■ Kevin Wilson



Journalism: an essential service

t his daily press conference last March 23, Quebec Premier François Legault declared what many have known for a long time – journalism is an essential service.

Never has it been so difficult to work as a journalist, but never has it been so important. In spite of the unprecedented health crisis caused by the COVID-19 virus, CUPE members must continue doing their invaluable work either at the office or, at times,

from home.

Raquel Fletcher, normally a Global Television correspondent at the Quebec National Assembly, is now working from home. She turned her bedroom into an office, and her living room into a studio.

"The first few days were rather difficult, because several technical problems had to be ironed out. How was I going to work with my cameraman/editor remotely? How was I going to have good sound quality to record my voice? How



Bryan Chauveau in studio

was I going to conduct all these necessary interviews over the phone? But despite the odds, we managed to do it," explained Raquel Fletcher. According to her, the key to success during these chaotic times is the incredible collaboration between colleagues, politicians, commentators and even journalists from other media organizations.

"Not too long ago, all of us were working side by side at the National Assembly Press Gallery. We're attempting to recreate this camaraderie, while maintaining the critical mind that is a must in our profession," added Fletcher.

Bryan Chauveau is a writer/editor and at times the Bureau Chief at LCN, a 24-hour news network in Quebec. Although his building is virtually empty, not all employees can work from home. Some of them, including him, have to come into the studio.

"It's almost impossible to do studio work at home, so we changed the way we produce news to reduce the probability of contamination," said Chauveau.

Historically, newsrooms have been hives of employees searching for, gathering, editing and releasing news. Today, they have undergone a total metamorphosis, and flitting around from one place to another is now forbidden.

"Reporters in the field are no longer in direct contact with us. Their offices have been moved to another floor. They have poles that keep them apart from their interviewees. Our office spaces are cleaned several times per shift, and we physically keep our distance. In short, we do what we have to in order to protect ourselves, but we're convinced that information is essential during these times of crisis."

Lisa Djevahirjian



Raquel Fletcher working from home

Tabletalk



An interview with CUPE economist, Angella MacEwen

Angella MacEwen is CUPE's senior economist. Focusing on the impacts of the economy and social policy on workers, she shares with us her thoughts about the repercussions the pandemic will have on collective bargaining and the economy.

At the time of this interview, we are still in the pandemic crisis. We have not yet experienced all its repercussions. How do you think this event will impact the economy in the short and medium term?

The immediate impact has been intense. About one million workers were unemployed before the COVID-19. In the first week of Canada's effort to slow the spread, at least another one million workers applied for Employment Insurance – and we will likely see more layoffs throughout April. Unemployment is estimated to triple.

Economists think that we are already in a recession, and because we don't know how long public health measures will be in place we don't know how long it will last. The record low price of oil is going to make the recession worse for oilproducing provinces. The policies that the federal government is putting into place are meant to bridge workers and businesses through this crisis. The stronger that bridge is, the faster the recovery will be once the pandemic passes.

Interest rates in Canada and the United States have been cut to 0.25 per cent, and many central banks are

Economy, bargaining and the vital role of public services

taking action to support the economy to prevent the kind of fiscal crisis we saw in 2008. Lower interest rates mean that federal and provincial governments can borrow at record low costs. The benefit of government spending to support the economy now will pay off in the medium and long term.

What about bargaining? What will the challenges be and how do we prepare?

Many provinces were already pursuing wage restraints. The pandemic response means that provincial governments will have less revenue coming in and have increased spending requirements, so we should expect that to continue.

This pandemic has affected different sectors in drastically different ways, from airlines to child care workers. Each sector will probably have some important lessons learned that they can bring forward into their next round of bargaining. This will include language around job protections and wage supports if workers have to quarantine; health and safety protections for workers; and plans for bringing shuttered public services back online.

Pensions are another issue. The stock market has declined dramatically, and interest rates are at record lows. Workers that don't have defined benefit pension plans may be faced with the prospect of postponing retirement, as we saw after the 2008 financial crisis. Defined benefit pension plans will be under strain again to be sure, but in the long run, our economy should recover, and pension plans along with them. So, stepping up to fiercely defend our pensions will be key.

What should we learn from this crisis?

We have been reminded of the importance of public sector workers. We miss our librarians and recreation workers, but we also realize how much we rely on child care workers and education assistants, cleaners, hospital and long-term care workers, social workers, energy workers, and transit workers. And I know I'm missing many! We also need to talk about the risks that low-wage workers (like grocery store workers and delivery people) are being asked to take, and recognize the importance of their work even after the pandemic passes.

The pandemic has also highlighted inequality in our society. For instance, higher wage workers are more likely to have paid sick leave and the ability to work from home. For low-wage workers, that is much less likely. Precarious workers have become more precarious, as the first people to be laid off were temporary, part-time and contract workers.

We have also seen that we are not prepared enough for this kind of situation.
We don't have enough masks for all health care workers, let alone other workers who must keep working. We don't have income support programs in place that can respond quickly to large numbers of people who need financial support. We have to be better prepared for other crises that we have yet to face.

I want to emphasize again how important and valuable the public sector and public sector workers are in times of crisis like this. These are the workers who take care of us, who keep the lights on, who keep the water running, and who clean our schools and hospitals for those who have to keep working. When we get through the pandemic, these are the workers who will be so valuable in returning our communities to a healthy and more equitable future.

Pierre Ducasse









espite the general commotion caused by the spread of COVID-19, thousands of CUPE members are continuing to provide essential services to the public, even at the risk of endangering their health and that of their family members.

In Quebec, unions in the municipal sector quickly came to an agreement with cities and towns to negotiate flexibility in their collective agreements. Answering urgent requirements, providing essential services such as garbage collection, and ensuring that critical infrastructures like water and wastewater treatment plants were the focus of all parties.

Some blue-collar workers decided to volunteer to help food distribution organizations, such as Moisson Montréal. Many communitybased organizations are contending with a severe lack of volunteers these days.

The authorities are going that extra mile to protect the homeless, a clientele that is particularly vulnerable at this time, especially since one of them who had gone

to the Old Brewery Mission tested positive for COVID-19.

At the Complexe Guv-Favreau and the YMCA in downtown Montreal, Bruno Loiselle and about 20 of his blue-collar colleagues have been transporting beds and setting up equipment. Both locations have been designated as temporary accommodation centres and will be welcoming numerous homeless persons from across the city.

"I personally take a measure of pride in helping our citizens. A city is a local government, and its employees are essential, especially during crisis situations such as the one we're going through. We're aware that there are people worse off than we are with all of this upheaval," said Bruno Loiselle.

Blue-collar workers on the island of Montreal will continue to work throughout this pandemic to help the city provide emergency services to citizens, while at the same time following public health and safety directives very carefully.

Ronald Boisrond

NATIONAL SECRETARY-TREASURER CHARLES FLEURY

CUPE's services to members maintained despite impact of COVID-19

ike all governments, employers and other organisations, all levels of CUPE will be hit by the financial impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic. Fortunately, at the national level, CUPE's financial situation is still solid and allows us to continue the important work we do for our 700,000 members across the country.

Despite the extreme difficulties we are all facing, CUPE is here to support all chartered organizations and their members during these difficult times. We still offer critical support services such as: servicing, legal, communications, health and safety, worker's compensation, job evaluation, research, human rights, organizing and education, all provided remotely by our dedicated staff. Our administrative, technical and clerical staff continue their work, making sure the phone lines remain open and mail is monitored.

We are also implementing internal administrative measures to help chartered organizations. We are extending the deadlines for current cost-shared campaigns, and we negotiated extended deadlines for trustees' reports, so that bonding insurance can continue.

At the same time, CUPE is working on a revised budget to make sure we are fully back on track when this crisis is over. To maintain our revenues stream, we will make sure employers understand that dues deductions must continue as usual. For our union to stay strong, we also need our local financial

solidarity more than ever. Therefore, for the benefits of all our members, per capita payments remain mandatory. I know we can count on you because in CUPE, we always have each other's back.

In closing, I want to thank each and every one of you who continue to take an active role in our union, and those who are on the front lines of the crisis caring for the sick, operating our transportation systems and making sure our public services continue to support our communities.

Solidarity!

CHARLES FLEURY ONLINE ** twitter.com/CUPENatSec







THANK YOU, FRONT-LINE WORKERS.

